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NORTH STATE MATTERS

News Items Gleaned From
Murphy to Mantoo.

The revenue officers are pushing things rather lively in Durham county here of late. About the same time a posse from Alamance county invaded Durham and picked up three illicit plants in the northern part of the county, near Little river, in the South Lowell section. They were within two miles of each other and all were in operation. One man, a negro by the name of John Butler, was arrested at one of the stills and taken back to Alamance county. The three plants were destroyed and a large quantity of beer low wines, etc., were destroyed. A white man by the name of Sandy Hopkins, was found at one of the stills and when the officers came up he ran. They fired several times and finally Hopkins fell and feigning that he fainted escaped being arrested, as the officers did not have time to "doctor" a prisoner before taking him away.

A telephone message from Lexington stated that at 8:45 o'clock Tuesday night six freight cars at that place were demolished and a conductor painfully injured as a result of a collision between freight trains Nos. 81 and 82. No. 81 was on the main line at Lexington, No. 82, coming from the south, couldn't make the air brakes work properly and was unable to check itself on the steep down grade. This was responsible for the accident. The engine of No. 82 "side-swiped" No. 81, splintering the six freight cars, three of which were filled with cotton mill machinery. The main line was covered with debris, but traffic was not blocked as the other trains passed the wreck on the siding.

Asheville's strike situation became somewhat clarified Tuesday through the decision of the arbitrators to go to work on those buildings which they had abandoned because of the presence of the painters, who were not in good standing with the Building Trades Council, and therefore held no card from that organization. This conciliatory move may have the effect of bridging the chasm between local capital and labor for the present, but it is feared that this state of armed neutrality will only exist until May 1, when the various crafts will ask the arbitrators for the observance of an eight-hour day.

An election in Greenville Tuesday on the question of issuing \$5,000 bonds for improvements and \$10,000 for graded streets resulted as follows: Total registered voters 244; number of voters 187, against bonds 12, not voting 15, making a majority over the vote necessary for bonds 64, and a majority over all votes of 54. The entire board of school trustees was congratulated by the citizens in a mass-meeting and were elected without opposition.

In attempting to board an outgoing train which was moving at a slow rate of speed from under the passenger shed in Wilmington, J. Carl Padden, aged 27, and a son of A. H. Padden, of Wilmington, Tenn., under the wheels of General Manager Kenley's private car, which was attached to the train Monday afternoon, and was instantly killed. His body was terribly mangled and cut almost in half.

Miss Mary Barnett, who is employed in the American Manufacturing Company's night factory at Greensboro, attempted to commit suicide Monday night by taking an overdose of laudanum. Her life was saved by the prompt and efficient action of a physician, and it is said that the young woman will suffer no ill effects. A love affair is said to have been the cause of the rash act.

Ten thousand dollars worth of bonds were sold at Laurinburg Tuesday for the purpose of installing an electric light plant at that place. The bonds were bought by F. M. Stafford & Company, of Chatham, Tenn., and were sold at par with a premium approximately \$285. The contract for the work has been let and the plant will be installed at the earliest possible moment.

A dry kiln filled with lumber, belonging to Mr. Monroe Putham, of Shelby, was burned Monday near the Belmont Cotton Mills at that place. He had almost completed a nice cottage and it was only by hard work that it was saved from the flames.

The Supreme Court at Raleigh affirms the sentence of Edward L. Utley, and he must now begin his twenty years in the penitentiary for killing Hotel Clerk Hollingsworth, at Fayetteville.

The following companies were incorporated in the Secretary of State's office last week. The Star Machine Company, of Star, Montgomery county, capital \$10,000. John Jenkins main stockholder. The Raleigh Coca-Cola Bottling Company, of Raleigh, capital \$4,000. J. B. Harrison, Greensboro, and R. N. Pindexter, incorporators; the Southern States Lyeum Company, of Winston, to present entertainments and dramatic productions, capital \$5,000, incorporators, F. J. Gaither, S. B. and M. D. Wheeler.

The commencement at Peace Institute will be held May 17-20. Rev. Dr. E. W. Smith, of Greensboro, will preach the sermon Sunday, May 17th. Frank Stringfellow will lecture Tuesday night, and the concert will be Wednesday.

The remains of Susan Faulkner, a white woman, of Durham, who died suddenly Tuesday evening, were interred Wednesday. She was a pauper and had been a familiar figure on the streets there for some time. After death it was found that she carried a small life insurance policy, enough to pay for her funeral expenses.

Robert Stanford, the married man who was shot at a house of ill repute in Greensboro, Sunday night, is improving and it is now thought that his chances for recovery are good.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

The First Bulletin Gives Conditions at Opening of Season.

The month of February was mild but otherwise a typically bad winter month, on account of the excessive rainfall and the unusual number of severe gales, which caused some damage at most places even in the interior of the State. The rainfall exceeded 10 inches for the month at six western stations. A severe cold wave occurred from the 17th to 20th with the lowest temperatures for the winter on the 18th, reaching at mountain stations a few degrees below zero. On account of the frequent rains very little farm work was done during February, and the conditions were not favorable for the cereals. Excessive warmth and moisture the first half of the month caused succulent growth of wheat which was much injured by the subsequent freezing weather. At the close of the month, therefore, the appearance of wheat, oats and rye was not so good, though the excellent stands were unimpaired. During the latter part of the month which was more favorable, farm work made some progress, especially the planting of truck crops in the east; many tobacco beds also were seeded.

The conditions during March indicated the approach of an early Spring. The temperature was above normal the entire month, the excess averaged approximately 8 degrees for the State; the temperature did not even reach freezing until the 26th and 27th, when falling frosts came in from the Blue Ridge, and light frosts came in from the mountains as far south as Wilmington with very little injury to crops. Vegetation was much advanced in growth and before the end of the month the fields were generally in bloom, and many forest trees were in leaf. The disadvantageous feature for March was the excessive rainfall which delayed plowing and caused the flooding of low lands with some damage to crops in places. However, much plowing was accomplished during the week ending March 20th. The weather was very favorable for the growth of wheat, oats and rye which advanced rapidly.

One of the most striking features of the month of March was the heavy rain which fell at the close of the month. Strawberries were in full bloom before the end of March indicating a crop from one to three weeks earlier than the average; the plants were strong and early, and conditions were generally of excellent quality. Truck crops also are well advanced, especially asparagus, cabbage, early Irish potatoes, lettuce and radishes; some large shipments of asparagus and radishes have been made, and an early and successful season for truckers seems assured. The severe frost storm on the 25th and 26th did apparently little damage to agricultural interests.

Reports of crop correspondents for the week ending Monday, April 6, (not indicate that conditions have not been favorable for the rapid progress of farm work, on account of the excessive rainfall on March 29th and 30th, which caused flooding in the rivers, flooded low lands, and generally kept the soil too wet to plow. Easterly gales caused exceptionally high tides in the coast region. Flooding and other precautions for planting the staple crops are still behind, but this is largely in control with the early advance of spring, as plowing can easily be accomplished in good time with favorable weather. The temperature during the week remained decidedly above normal until Saturday, April 4, when a very rapid fall occurred to a few degrees below the freezing point in the Western District, with light snow. The frost extended into the central portion of the State Sunday morning and ice formed in places. Fruit trees, such as peaches, apples and cherries, were generally in bloom, and the injury caused by the freeze to the fruit crop must have been very great. Reports in regard to the amount of damage done will appear in the next Bulletin. Warning of the approach of a change of weather to the farmers and the truck planters of the State is that the crop probably received adequate protection. A little corn has been planted in the southern and eastern portions of the State and some is up. Tobacco in beds is well advanced in growth and the plants are plentiful.

Wheat, oats and rye appear unusually fine, and are large in growth; some fields of wheat were yellow by cold, and much of the crop in very low ground has been ruined by high water. Less than half the spring oat crop has been seeded. Truck crops were generally planted early and are doing well; Irish potatoes are up. May peas are in bloom; a few strawberries have been shipped. Gardens are fairly well advanced in the east, but are backward elsewhere.

Court Findings.

Washington, Special.—The United States Supreme Court decided the cases growing out of the seizure of a number of fishing smacks by United States vessels, during the Spanish war. The court having previously decided that the seizures were not legitimate, the only question before the court was as to the reasonableness of the ward of damages made by the commission appointed for that purpose. The court held that the award to be excessive and reversed the finding of the United States District Court for the southern district of Florida, by which the award was affirmed.

Murder and Suicide.

Birmingham, Ala., Special.—Mrs. Susie McMillan, wife of Policeman A. B. McMillan, gave her eight-month-old baby a large dose of carbolic acid Monday afternoon and then committed suicide, by shooting herself twice in the breast. She was found lying dead on the floor, by her husband. No motive can be assigned for the deed.

MORO BOMBARDE

Eleven American Wounded in the Battle.

PERSHING'S FORCES TAKE BACOLOD.

The Moros Were Strongly Fortified and Defended the Place Desperately.

Manila, By Cable.—The investment of Bacolod which was captured by Captain Pershing's forces, after a fight in which a hundred Moros were killed, occupied three days. The final assault was made at noon Wednesday. Desperate fighting took place inside the forts. Seven cannon were captured and eleven Americans were wounded, a few of them seriously. It is probable that all the Americans will recover. The column approached Bacolod early on Monday and found new forts, which had been a year under construction, flying battle flags. The Moros did not wait to be attacked, but fired a volley, which wounded two Americans. Captain Pershing then decided to bombard the fortification, and Gately's batteries took up positions and shelled the forts and works until Wednesday morning, the infantry and cavalry supporting the attack. Many of the Moros left the forts on Monday and Tuesday nights, and escaped in boats on the lake. The assault on Wednesday was carefully prepared. The column carried forward a bamboo bridge, on which the troops crossed the moat under fire and afterwards scaled the walls. The fighting inside the forts was most desperate. Sixty dead Moros were found inside the walls and 40 were killed in the trenches. The whereabouts of the Sultan of Bacolod is not known. He is believed to have escaped Monday night.

Murder at Buffalo.

Buffalo, Special.—A shooting affair in which a 9-year-old boy was killed and a woman mortally wounded, an attempted murder, two suicides and two attempts at suicide that may result fatally, occurred in this city. Joseph Kwiatkowski, 51 years old, a representative Polish citizen, is locked up at police headquarters, charged with shooting his landlady and killing his own 9-year-old boy. Kwiatkowski formerly conducted an extensive business in one of the markets of the city. His wife died about a year ago, leaving two children. Since the death of his wife, business difficulties drove him to drink. For the last four months he has lived in rooms at 129 Cold street. The owner of the house, Mrs. Tekla Winski, his husband and the children, occupied the rear part of the building. The children of the two families were constantly quarreling. Sunday night Kwiatkowski returned home and found the children in the usual turmoil. Mr. Winski informed him that he would have to move, whereupon Kwiatkowski drew a revolver and began firing, backing out of the house as he did so. Mrs. Winski followed the infuriated Pole and grappled with him. He pointed the revolver at her breast and fired. She fell to the ground, mortally wounded. Kwiatkowski fired several more shots, one of them striking his own 9-year-old son, Peter, killing him instantly.

A large crowd quickly gathered and Kwiatkowski retreated into the house, locking and barricading the door behind him. Then began a lively exchange of shots through the windows between the policemen who had gathered, and Kwiatkowski which continued until the latter exhausted his ammunition when the officers, battered down the door and captured him. George Denning, 40 years old, had been separated from his wife for some time. He called upon her and tried to induce her to resume marital relations. She refused. He drew a revolver and fired. She fell to the floor in a faint, and believing that he had killed her, Denning ran away. His body was found later in the evening in a Salvation Army lodging house. He had taken poison.

Two Burned to Death.

Indianapolis, Special.—Nathan Morris, one of the best known attorneys of Indiana, and Frank Haas, the 12-year-old son of Dr. J. Haas, were burned to death Sunday, and Mrs. Haas, Miss Belle Haas, Miss Rose Haas, Louis Haas and Grace Lemon, a governess, were injured. The residence of Dr. J. Haas was nearly burned to the ground.

Demands of Textile Workers.

Philadelphia, Special.—Union textile workers of this city assembled in convention Sunday, for the purpose of formulating demands to be presented to the operators. The convention adjourned at night after adopting a resolution demanding a 55-hour week, dating from June 1, leaving the wage question for future consideration. Time and half will be asked for all work done in excess of the 55 hours. A committee was appointed to present the demands to the manufacturers who will also be informed that a strike will follow their refusal to accept the proposition.

Killed by Falling Cannon.

Mobile, Ala., Special.—While superintending the removal of a six-pound gun from the wharf to the United States barracks here Saturday, John R. Burns, aged 29, an electrical engineer, was instantly killed by the gun which broke from its fastenings and passed over his body. The remains will be interred in the National Cemetery here. Burns was from New York city.

DEADLY EXPLOSION.

Twelve-Inch Gun Bursts With Fatal Results.

INVESTIGATION BOARD APPOINTED.

The Damage to the Vessel of Such a Character as to Necessitate Putting Her Out of Commission.

Washington, Special.—The cipher dispatch received by the Navy Department, regarding the explosion on the Iowa, off Pensacola, was on Friday deciphered. It was from Admiral Higginson and said: "Iowa's breech-loading 12-inch gun burst in front of triumphs, three killed, four wounded." Then followed the names given in previous dispatch. The Department expects fuller particulars. Another dispatch was received as follows: "Purcell, landsman, Kelle, seaman, F. T. Berry, ordinary seaman, killed in Iowa, will be buried at navy yard at Pensacola."

Because of the meagre details of the explosion which Admiral Higginson's dispatch contained, officials at the Navy Department can only speculate as to its cause. An investigation board has already been appointed.

Rear Admiral O'Neill, chief of the bureau of ordnance, has already issued orders for the transportation to New York of a new 12-inch gun which is now at the Washington navy yard, and it will be placed on the Iowa when that vessel comes to New York for repairs.

Admiral O'Neill said: "The gun which burst was designed in 1893 and manufactured at the naval gun factory, January 1, 1902. The gun had been fired 125 times. Yesterday's accident is the first that has ever happened to any of the large calibre guns of the navy, except in the case of the 12-inch gun on the Kearsage, the bore of which was injured by a premature explosion of a shell two years ago. A lining tube was inserted in that gun and it is in use at the proving grounds. No reason can yet be assigned for the accident. As yet I do not know what kind of powder was used, or details as to the location of the shell. While the accident may have been due to the premature explosion of the shell in the bore, such a contingency is unlikely, as shells have on several occasions broken up in barrels of guns without any other cause than the deflagration of the powder. So far as the bureau is advised, all the Iowa's 12-inch shells are fitted with base covers, with a view to preventing a possible premature explosion due to the action of the powder gases."

The bureau of navigation has sent telegrams of sympathy to the families of the men killed and wounded in the explosion. Acting Secretary Darling has the following dispatch of sympathy to Rear Admiral Higginson, commander of the North Atlantic fleet, at Pensacola:

"Please convey to the officers and men of the fleet sincere sympathy of the Department in the loss of their comrades by the unfortunate accident on board the Iowa."

(Signed) "DARLING." Although it had been intended that the gun should be repaired at the New York yard, the damage done by the explosion will probably make it necessary to put the vessel out of commission.

The damage to the battleship Iowa caused by the premature explosion of the 12-inch gun, which burst in front of triumphs, has developed to be more serious than was thought when the first examination was made and as a consequence the big ship has been ordered to the New York navy yard to go out of commission to be repaired.

The Iowa's navy yard, where she is fitting out with supplies and coal preparatory to sailing soon as possible for the North. It is known that three days including the time to haul the gun forward part of the ship, will have to be entirely removed and rebuilt. It is feared that the steel supports under the 12-inch port turret are sprung to such an extent that they will have to be replaced, though this cannot yet be stated positively. The gun itself is a hopeless wreck. Although the gun which burst went into numerous pieces the end of the gun is as smooth as if it had just been turned out of a ship, and except that it is about 12 feet shorter than the starboard gun, it is hardly noticeable that an explosion occurred. According to the record of the exploded gun, it was good for at least another year of service, and the gun which has been condemned are without foundation.

Government Forces Whipped.

Wilmington, By Cable.—News has been received here that the Venezuelan revolutionists have defeated the forces of the government near Caracas and captured two cannon and a large quantity of ammunition. They have also captured the city of Barquisimeto, which is the key to the western part of Venezuela, taking many prisoners. Heavy fighting, undecided as yet, has taken place at Coro.

Blind Chaplain Dead.

Washington, Special.—The Rev. Wm. Henry Milburn, the venerable blind chaplain of the United States Senate, died in Santa Barbara, Cal., Friday. Word to this effect was received here tonight by Col. Randall, the sergeant-at-arms of the Senate. The deceased was a native of Philadelphia, where he was born in 1823. When he was five years of age, a playmate accidentally struck him in the left eye with a piece of glass. For two years he was confined to a dark room under medical treatment and subsequently became totally blind.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL

A 50,000 Spindle Addition.

It is announced that the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills of Atlanta, Ga., will build an addition to be equipped with 50,000 spindles. This extension of the plant will cost from \$250,000 to \$300,000, and arrangements are now being made to begin the work of construction soon. The company has at present 45,000 ring spindles and 1,352 looms, using steam-power. Its product is light sheetings, seamless bags, burley, cotton and jute twines and burlap, and has been known on the market for some years. The company's present capitalization is \$250,000.

A 5,000 Spindle Addition.

The Norris Cotton Mills Co., Catechee, S. C., has decided to add 5,000 spindles, with looms and other complementary machinery to suit. This enlargement will require the expenditure of probably about \$100,000, and immediate arrangements will be made to effect the betterments. The D. A. Tompkins Co. of Charlotte, N. C., has been engaged as engineer in charge. The Norris plant at present has 13,248 ring spindles and 352 looms, using water and electric power, and manufactures sheetings. Its present capitalization is \$200,000.

To Add 3,000 Spindles.

The Opelika Cotton Mills of Opelika, Ala., has increased its capital stock \$50,000, making \$100,000 in all, for the purpose of enlarging the plant. An additional building will be constructed, work to begin at once, and 3,000 additional spindles will be installed. There will then remain space for installation of 2,000 spindles more. Contract for the new machinery has been signed. At present there are 7,400 ring spindles in the plant, and fine counts of yarns is the product.

Industrial Miscellany.

The big dry-kill at Corbett's mills, New Moultrie, Ga., owned by Aycock Bros., was destroyed by fire on the 3rd inst. The loss is estimated at \$3,000, with no insurance.

The W. E. Small Spoke Manufacturing Co. will build a hardwood sawmill with capacity of 30,000 feet of lumber per day on tract of 1,200 acres of timber land near Corvath, Miss. Savannah trade boats have endorsed the project for an inland waterway connecting the Chesapeake bay with Beaufort inlet, North Carolina, and their secretaries will co-operate in assembling statistics showing how the project will benefit Savannah's trade.

The Board of Trade and Cotton Exchange of Meridian, Miss., in a desire to promote the common good of all the commercial and industrial interests of the State, have invited the commercial bodies of Mississippi to a convention to be held at Meridian on May 26. It is designed to form a federation of the commercial organizations in a union of efforts and energies for the development of Mississippi's resources and the encouragement of the migration to the State of men and money.

Textile Notes.

Messrs. D. K. Norris, J. T. Gasaway and F. B. Morgan of Central, S. C., and O. A. Robbins of Charlotte, N. C., have incorporated the Isaqueena Mills of Central, S. C., with capital stock of \$200,000 to build a plant of 10,000 spindles, near the Norris Central Mills, mentioned March 26 as to be incorporated. The projectors changed the title. Details as to the plant have not as yet been decided.

Louisville (Ky.) Cotton Mills Co. has engaged Messrs. C. R. Makepeace & Co., Providence, R. I., as engineers in charge of its improvements and additions of machinery, referred to last week. All contracts for machinery have practically been awarded. Messrs. D. K. Murphy & Bro. of Louisville are the consulting plant engineers. The new building, which will be 100,000 feet in size.

Woodruff (S. C.) Cotton Mills' addition, now in course of construction, will be equipped with 16,500 spindles and 394 looms, as was announced some weeks ago. The company will have space in this new building for 22,000 more spindles, which it hopes to install during the next few years. Contract has been placed for machinery required at present.

Messrs. A. G. Velasco and C. G. Culm of Syracuse, N. C., are conferring with the Business Men's League of Florence, Ala., with a view of building a mill in that city. Mr. Velasco is manager of the Oak Knitting Co. at Syracuse, New York.

A. K. Clark, now engaged in cotton manufacturing at Augusta, Ga., contemplates establishing a plant of 5000 spindles and 150 looms at Jackson, Miss.

The Spray (N. C.) Woolen Mills is having plans prepared by O. A. Robbins & Co. of Charlotte, N. C., for a four-story woolen mill.

A company has been organized to build cotton mill at Pauline, S. C. E. D. Forest of Faly Forest, S. C., is reported as president.

H. B. Neal of McDonough, Ga., is organizing company to build cotton mill at New Ga. He owns a water-power which it is proposed to develop in connection with the mill.

Messrs. B. Frank Mebane, W. W. Walker and J. S. Patterson, all of Spray, N. C., have incorporated the Rhode Island Co. to manufacture cotton, wool and other textiles. The capital stock is \$25,000.

Messrs. W. E. Morten and M. L. Smith of Clover, S. C., and associates will build a cotton mill. The details as to character and size of plant have not as yet been determined. It is said that Northern capital will be interested.

Messrs. Harry Tatum and brothers of Franklin, Ky., will form company to build a woolen mill at Springfield, Tenn. They propose a stock company with capital of \$35,000, and will manufacture blankets, linens and yarns, employing about fifty persons. The mill building will be 60x150 feet of brick, two stories high, constructed of size.

10 PERSONS KILLED.

A Path of Desolation Cut Across a Prosperous Farming Section.

LITTLE ALABAMA TOWN RAZED.

Besides Those Killed Outright, Three or Four Were Fatally and a Score Seriously Injured.

Birmingham, Ala., Special.—Without a word of warning the little hamlet of Hopewell, forty miles north of this city and one mile from Hanceville, was swept away early Wednesday morning by a cyclone, which cut a path of desolation across a prosperous farming section of Blount county. Ten persons were killed, three or four fatally and a score seriously injured. The dead: Nathan Griffin, James Griffin, Henry McCoy and three children; C. C. Oden, a prominent planter, Heller Oden, Miss Thelma Oden, Mrs. C. C. Oden. The injured: A son and niece of Nathan Griffin, Mrs. Griffin, Mrs. Nora Oden, Mrs. Henry McCoy and two children; R. G. Quick, Dink Quick, family of McCoy, seven persons; Mrs. Holston Horton, Miss Inez Horton, Richard Griffin.

It is believed that several of the injured will die. The storm traveled in a northeasterly direction wrecking everything in its path. One of the first houses struck was that of Nathan Griffin, the house was demolished and Mr. Griffin and his son, James, were killed. Mrs. Griffin was so badly injured that she died later. Another son and niece of Mr. Griffin made a miraculous escape by running from the house before the demolition was complete and saving their lives. They were injured, but all recovered.

The house of John McCoy was then next wrecked, but he and his family escaped with severe bruises. The home of Henry McCoy, son of John McCoy, received the worst impact of the storm. His wife was severely injured, two of his children are still unconscious, and may die, and he and his babe and two other children are dead.

The storm then struck the house of C. C. Oden. Trees in the yard were twisted into gnarled shapes and even the vegetables in the garden were torn up by their roots. Mr. Oden was killed outright as were his three daughters, aged 15, 12 and 9 years, respectively. Mrs. Oden received injuries from which she died later.

The home of Mr. Henry Wharton was next attacked by the storm and it was wrecked but Mrs. Wharton was not badly injured. Then came the home of R. G. Quick, it went to pieces and he and his two children were injured, but there were no fatalities there.

Little Rock, Ark., Special.—Specials to The Arkansas Gazette from several towns in White and Cleburne counties, Ark., tell of a tornado which swept through that section Tuesday night, leaving death and destruction in its wake. The major portion of the country through which the storm ploughed its way is remote from railroad, telegraph or telephone lines. The dead are: Jim Leggett, Little Red; Joe Leggett, Little Red; Tom King and wife, Little Red; 3 King children; young lady school teacher, who was boarding at King's; A. C. Williams, near Heber.

The injured are: Infant child of the King family; Mrs. A. C. Williams, near Heber, not expected to live; Buck Noeley, Sealey; Albert Keeler, Elbert Derritt, Walker, Polard, Little Red; two of the Pollard family near Abilene; Mrs. Hoverton and child, Pangburn, not expected to live; Miss Burkhausen, Little Red, leg broken and skull fractured; Walter Muller, Pangburn, leg broken; Mrs. Henry Wells, injured internally, fatality; unknown woman, Pangburn, both legs broken; Tom Houston, near Heber, both arms broken; unknown man at Bradford.

A special from Heber says: "In the tornado which swept across this section last night A. C. Williams, living ten miles south of Heber, was killed. He was 70 years of age, and lived with his wife on top of one of the mountains south of this town. His house was caught up by the wind and thrown down the mountain side, he being killed and his wife badly injured. At Pangburn six residences were blown down. A large church near Pangburn was blown half a mile."

Forty-three residences and sixteen barns destroyed, and other wreckage in the record of the damage reported up to 8 o'clock.

Mr. Stevenson Wounded.

Bloomington, Ill., Special.—Adlai E. Stevenson, former Vice President of the United States, lost his hair and mustache and received painful burns on his face, head and hands Wednesday, while trying to extinguish a fire in his home. The fire started in a bed room. When Mr. Stevenson rushed in to the room the curtains were in a blaze. Without calling aid he attacked the flames. In a moment the hair on his head went in a puff of smoke. The fire then seized his mustache and blisters his face. Then Mr. Stevenson called for help. He retreated before the flames caught his clothing. The loss to the house was \$1,000.

Broke the Record.

Pensacola, Fla., Special.—World's records are being smashed here with frequency by the ships of the North Atlantic fleet. The Illinois lowered all records for accuracy with 13-inch guns when the Iowa took the record with six-pounders. The vessel was firing the guns of this size in the gulf Wednesday afternoon when the gunners fired 30 shots in succession each falling true at a range of 1,700 yards. Three gun crews participated.

FOUND TRUE BILL.

The Slayer of Editor Gonzales Appeared in Court.

THE TRIAL WAS POSTPONED.

Because of Absence of Two Witnesses the Hearing of the Case Went Over Until June Term of Court.

Columbia, S. C., Special.—James H. Tillman, who is charged with the killing of N. G. Gonzales, the editor of The Columbia State in January, was taken to the Criminal Court here Wednesday for the purpose of having him plead to the indictment returned against him last Monday for murder and carrying concealed weapons or unlawful arms, as they are termed in this State. The arraignment was not held, however, and the proceedings which it was thought would be of a purely formal character turned out to be highly sensational. The trial of the defendant had been set for next Monday, and both sides had caused the report to be circulated that they were ready for trial. Much to the surprise of the spectators and lawyers here, the defense availed themselves of the opportunity presented to secure a continuance on the ground that it had been impossible to secure the attendance of two material witnesses, Captain J. A. White and Miss Julia Roper.

Tillman, the defendant, was brought into court shortly before the proceedings were commenced. He was accompanied by his uncle, Senator Ben Tillman, who appeared to be very much more deeply concerned about the proceedings than the prisoner himself. Distinguished counsel appeared on both sides. The people were represented by Col. Andrew Crawford and Solicitor (Commonwealth's Attorney) J. W. William Thurmond and the defense by Congressman George W. Croft, who was at one time the defendant's law partner, and Patrick H. Nelson.

The prosecuting officer opened the proceedings with a request for an arraignment. Counsel for the defense interrupted to enter a motion for a continuance on the ground of the absence of the two witnesses already mentioned. They presented affidavits from the witnesses which in a measure indicated what they would testify to. The prosecution promptly announced that it was entirely willing to accept these affidavits and strenuously objected to any further delay in the case. The point was made that the defense had had ample time to prepare for the trial and the affidavits were all that was necessary in the defendant's behalf so far as the witnesses in question were concerned.

The prosecution urged that a rule had been made recently to prevent continuances under such circumstances as those shown in this case but the court ruled against them and granted a continuance until the June term on an affidavit of defendant's counsel stating that it had been impossible to get witnesses in time for this term. The solicitor then urged that the defendant be arraigned at this time, but Judge Klugh declined to accede to this request and the prisoner was remanded and the case continued until the June term of court.

May Cotton Up.

New York, Special.—The rise in cotton which began almost four months ago was continued when May touched 10.40 and July 9.90, new high records for the present movement. The market opened active and strong all around, but the shorts were almost buyers of May, the bull element holding off and taking only so much as was necessary to strengthen their position. Advances tended from 1 to 7 points, but the bulk of the trading was in May and July. Offerings of July cotton at 9.90 were liberal and sales at that figure were moderately large. By 11 o'clock May sold off to 10.30 and July to 9.93. May closed 10.29 bid; 10.30 asked; July 9.90 bid, 9.91 asked.

Telegraphic Briefs.

There has been renewed on the New York cotton exchange the agitation for a system of deliveries of cotton in carrying out contracts made on the floor of the New York cotton exchange at a number of Southern ports instead of New York only as at present. A company has been organized for the purpose of the plan to which there is considerable opposition.

A London dispatch says: "Mrs. Mabel Townsend, formerly of the Alcazar Theatre, San Francisco, shot herself with a revolver on the doorstep of her residence in Great Litchfield street. She was dead when taken to the hospital. Mrs. Townsend is said to have been suffering from religious mania."

An Indianapolis dispatch says: "The national executive board of the United Mine Workers met here at which it was understood recommendations would be made for bringing all the miners of the country into the organization before the next annual convention. There are probably 150,000 men about the mines who do not belong to the organization."

One of the greatest pugilists that America ever produced, John Dwyer, of Brooklyn, quit his regular occupation to enter the counting room. He died within a year from tuberculosis. The explanation in this case was simple enough. The immense lungs, which were necessarily an advantage in the prize ring, fell into disuse in the counting room. Disease meant degeneration, and degeneration meant lack of resistance, of which tuberculosis was not slow to take advantage.

THE CAUCASIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY THE CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.

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Three Months,	.35

No. 11.

MURDERS CONTINUE TO INCREASE UNDER "GOOD GOVERNMENT"

Under Fusion Rule "Lawlessness walked the State like a pestilence. Crime stalked abroad at noon day. Sleep lay down with alarm and the sound of the pistol was more frequent than the song of the mocking bird". From Aye cks inaugural address.

Now that Fusion rule is a thing of the past and more than two years of "good government" have past into history how would it do to take stock and see just what are some of the blessings the happy transition has brought the people of N. C.? We have promised to use none but democratic authority.

The Whitehead News contains the following: "Four foul Murders and nobody punished. Within the last two years four foul murders have taken place in this county. Will Bardin colored was shot and killed in the Swamp near Fair Bluff and not a one has ever been charged with the crime. Felix Foley was called from his home and shot to death at his own gate. No one has ever been punished for the crime. Jesse Soles and James Stalley were murdered and burnt up in one fourth of a mile of the spot where two murders were committed a few years ago. It begins to look like Columbus County only punishes Negroes for stealing chickens and lets robbers of human life go free." Judging from Aye cks phraseology above quoted the county mentioned should be a "Fusion" county, but as a matter of fact this part of N. C. adjacent to Tillman's dominion long ago succumbed to red-shirt tyranny and mob rule, and is as safely democratic as Aye cks' county of Wayne or Tillman's native borough where not the slightest pretence of an election outside of the democratic primary has taken place for years.

It is worth remembering in this connection that Columbus is a "dry" county—no intoxicating drinks allowed to be made or sold within her limits. So the cause of this blood-thirsty attitude of her people cannot be charged to the country distilleries and bar rooms over which Simmons wept and Watts gnashed his teeth and the eyes of our beloved governor threatened to bulge out of their sockets during the past winter.

A number of new cases might be mentioned which tend to confirm the already established fact that N. C. in this day of "good government" is actually steeped in crime and debauchery. The bloody affair at Henderson in which two lives were sacrificed and others imperiled, the disgraceful filthy revolting affair in the city of Raleigh involving the lives of three white men and the character of a white girl of tender age. (The last mentioned deplorable affair confirms the Simmons-Watts-Aye cks idea that only town people should be allowed to make and handle whiskey doesn't it?)

The "morally stunted" according to this trio live in the country—the pure in heart inhabit the towns. But why cite cases to show what is already established—in fact admitted by the "good government" regime? Let us turn from the dark and doleful spectacle for a moment and theorize a little as to the probable cause or causes.

What, then, do you ask has come over our people that human life is less sacred than among the savage Indians of our western wilds? A cause is supposed to precede every effect. Will Mr. Aye cks tell us now after more than two years of his "good government" that Fusion rule is responsible for the whole business? Did he really believe that Fusion rule was responsible for the conditions described by him in the words quoted at the beginning of this article? In fact did such conditions exist then save as they were produced and forced upon an unwilling people by the red-shirted mobs of 1898 who had been aroused with mean whiskey and inflammatory speeches by Simmons' cohorts for the express purpose of bringing about the very condition described by the saintly(?) Aye cks in his inaugural address? Was not Pitchfork Tillman invited to inaugurate the revolutionary movement by

making a speech in which he advised the importation of guns and the slaughter of negroes? And was not his advice followed? And was not the massacre of more than 100 defenseless negroes in one town planned and executed in accordance with the Tillman idea except that it occurred after the election was over and it was known the mob had swept the State and would have the support of the State authorities in any attempt to punish them for crimes and outrages perpetrated in the so called effort to redeem the State? And did not some of the acts passed by the succeeding "red shirt" legislature confirm the then prevalent opinion that the leaders had entered into a conspiracy to protect from punishment persons who might be indicted for crimes committed in connection with the disgraceful and bloody campaign? In fact did not that legislature actually pardon such offenders and thus place a premium upon crime? And did not this legislature actually appropriate money from the State Treasury to defend the thieves who had debauched the suffrage and thus place a premium upon theft? And then did not Simmons and Aye cks declare for peace and fair elections while they themselves were holding office by virtue of bloodshed and a debauched suffrage? Did people believe them sincere? Could they in the face of such facts believe that their pretensions were to be taken seriously? And now who can wonder that lawlessness walks the State like a pestilence, and who can question that some men in high places are indirectly responsible at least to some extent for the crimes they denounce?

AN ATTEMPT TO WHITEWASH THE SCANDAL AT CASTLE HAYNES

In our last issue we told our readers about the scandal at the convict camp at Castle Haynes as reported by the Grand Jury of New Hanover county. Later reports by the Grand Jury seem to be even worse than the first report. A special from Wilmington to the News and Observer Sunday stated that the jury said not a one of its members had the courage to make an examination of the bed clothing used in the portable cage in service on the roads and that at the camp proper the clothing was so full of vermin that in returning to Wilmington from Castle Haynes the carriage in which the Grand Jury was riding had to be stopped so that members of the party could pull of their coats and pull the vermin from their clothing. And in the face of these facts the county authorities of New Hanover claim that the sanitary conditions of the camp are as good as any in the state or South. In the eyes of the officials the conditions that exist at the camp on alright as it is under the management of democratic red-shirt "good government". It is quite evident that we are to have another case of "whitewashing".

MR. DANIELS EDITORIAL A FARCE COMEDY

While the majority of the Democratic papers of the State are praising Judge Pritchard for the able way in which he represented his State in the United States Senate and also saying complimentary things of his fine personality. Saturday's issue of the News and Observer contained a tirade against Judge Pritchard simply because the Republican Executive Committee, which met in Greensboro last week saw fit to elect Mr. Rollins to succeed Judge Pritchard as chairman.

The Editor of the Observer should have read the article, which was copied in his paper from the Washington Post some days ago, which was in substance that Southern Democrats who have received favors from the administration should refrain from abusing the administration as their condemnation would but cause the public to smile, and it would be the height of ingratitude for them to join the critics. It simply made us smile when we read Mr. Daniels abuse of Judge Pritchard.

The town election was held in New Bern Monday. In one ward a vote was challenged, a row followed, a ballot-box was smashed into "smitheries" and the votes scattered over the floor. The leaders of Democratic "good government" taught them how to do that.

The Republican executive committee which met in Greensboro last Thursday elected Thos. S. Rollins of Asheville chairman, and Judge Robinson of Goldsboro as National Committeeman.

It is plain to every observant reader why the Editor of the News and Observer gave space to a long editorial in his paper Saturday abusing Judge Pritchard because Mr. Thos. S. Rollins was appointed to succeed him as chairman. The editor of the Observer along with others of his ilk had hoped there would be a split in the Republican executive committee when they met in Greensboro and that a man would be elected as chairman that would tear down the party Judge Pritchard has built up in the State. The Editor of the Observer doesn't know how to discuss any issues except to holler "Nigger" during every campaign (and then between times when Judge Pritchard decided to have a white man succeed a negro as postmaster at Wilson the constituents of the News and Observer signed a petition which was intended to have the Negro reappointed) and the Editor knows that while Mr. Rollins is chairman he will not have an opportunity to holler "Nigger". That is why he is mad.

It is stated by several of the prominent fruit and vegetable growers in the eastern part of the State that the crops are damaged about 25 per cent by the recent "cold snap".

Jailed on a Serious Charge (Raleigh Post)

Three white men, Joe Smith, Will Putney and Arthur Gooch, were arrested on a serious charge yesterday afternoon and placed in jail. They all live in Raleigh. Joe Smith is a married man. Gooch is a mere boy, about fifteen years old. The criminal assault with which they are charged is alleged to have been committed last Friday night in the vicinity of the federal cemetery. The girl is about fourteen years of age and is a daughter of Will O'Neal.

Miss Alice Roosevelt at Biltmore

Washington, April 13.—Miss Roosevelt, accompanied by Captain and Mrs. Cowles, left Washington tonight for Asheville, N. C., where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Vanderbilt at Biltmore. Miss Roosevelt, with the rest of Mrs. Vanderbilt's guests, will take part in the bazaar to be held in the park surrounding the residence for the benefit of the church at Biltmore. Senator and Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew will also be members of the house party entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt.

Spanish Flagship Montijo Floated

Manila, April 12.—The war ship Reins Caristina flagship of Admiral Montijo, which was sunk by Admiral Dewey in Manila Bay, was floated and beached yesterday. The skeletons of about eighty of her crew were found in the hulk. One skeleton, evidently, was that of an officer, for it had a sword by its side.

A wrecking company is endeavoring to raise all the sunken Spanish war ships.

IT SAVED HIS LEG

P. A. Danforth of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cures guaranteed. Only 25cts. Sold by all druggists.

The Pardon Mill is Still Running

The pardon mill is still running. On April 1st, the Governor issued nine pardons for prisoners whose terms ranged from thirty days to six years. When Rollins pardoned a few it was incompetency; now that Aye cks has pardoned many it is Christianity. See?

Contract for State Printing Awarded

The contract for the State printing was given out Monday to E. M. Uzzell of Raleigh.

THE SAINT LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO R.R. OFFERS TO THE COLONIST.

Arkansas, Missouri, Kansas Nebraska, Colorado, Texas, Oklahoma, and Indian Territory. On the following dates: February 17th, March 3rd and 17th April 7th and 21st. Write for advertising matter, Rates and information to W. T. Saunders, G. A. P. D., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—A TRUSTWORTHY

gentleman or lady in each county to manage business for an old established house of solid financial standing. A straight, bona fide weekly cash salary of \$18.00 paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses direct from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Manager, 340 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

THE CHAMBERLIN

Screw Stump Machine. The only Stump Machine in the world that successfully pulls all classes and sizes of stumps. MANUFACTURED BY THE CHAMBERLIN MFG. CO. OLEAN, N. Y. Write for Catalogue and Price List.

OUR GRAND CLUBBING OFFER.

Now is the time to send in your Subscription to the CAUCASIAN and get the advantage of our grand clubbing rates.

We will send THE CAUCASIAN, ATLANTA CONSTITUTION and THE SUNNY SOUTH all one year for

\$2.00

By ordering the three at once you get the SUNNY SOUTH FREE.

It is published weekly and is full of good Southern Stories by Southern authors, including Stories for the young as well as for the older ones.

Order at Once.

And get three papers for the price of two.

Address all orders to CAUCASIAN PUB. CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

A room hung with pictures is a room hung with thoughts.—Reynolds.

SOUTHERN R. R.

In effect January 13th, 1903

This condensed schedule is published as information and is subject to change without notice to the public.

TRAINS LEAVE RALEIGH, N. C.

12.50 a. m. No. 111 daily for Greensboro and local points. Carries Pullman sleeper Raleigh to Greensboro, open for occupancy at 9.00 p. m. connecting at Greensboro with train No. 39, "Atlanta Express." Pullman sleeper and day coaches to Atlanta, Pullman Tourist sleeper to San Francisco Cal., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays via New Orleans and Southern Pacific, No. 33, "Florida Express," for Charlotte, Columbia and Savannah, Pullman sleeper to Jacksonville. Port Tampa Charleston and Augusta connections for all points in Florida. No. 87, "Washington and Southwest Limited," solid Pullman train drawing room sleepers, New York to New Orleans and Memphis, connection is also made for Winston-Salem, Wilkesboro, Danville and local stations 5:20 a. m. No. 112 daily for Goldsboro and local stations: connecting at Goldsboro with Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, N. C., Wilson, N. C., Tarboro, N. C., Norfolk, Va., and immediate stations, also at Goldsboro with Atlantic and North Carolina Railway for Kinston, N. C., Newbern, N. C., and immediate stations. 8:56 a. m. No. 107 daily for Greensboro and local stations, connects at Durham for Oxford, Henderson, Keyville and Richmond. At University Station for Chapel Hill daily except Sunday. At Greensboro with train No. 36, U. S. "Fast Mail" for Washington and all points north. Pullman drawing room sleepers to New York and Richmond; close connection for Winston-Salem, Mocksville and local stations. 10:30 a. m. No. 108 daily for Goldsboro and all local points, connects at Selma for Wilson, Rocky Mount and all Eastern North Carolina points. At Goldsboro for Wilmington, Kinston, Newbern, N. C., and Norfolk, Va., where close connection is made with Chesapeake Line for Baltimore and all other outgoing steamers. 3:53 p. m. No. 135 daily for Greensboro and immediate stations; connects at Durham for Oxford, Clarksville, Keyville daily except Sunday. At University Station for Chapel Hill daily except Sunday. At Greensboro with train No. 29 for Columbia, Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, Pullman sleeper and first class coaches Washington to Jacksonville, Fla. No. 35 "U. S. Fast Mail" for Atlanta and all points south and southwest, Pullman drawing room sleepers to Birmingham and New Orleans, day coaches Washington to New Orleans, also with north bound trains No. 34 and 38 for Washington and all points north. Pullman drawing room sleepers and observation car to New York; connection is also made at Greensboro for Winston-Salem and at Salisbury to Memphis. 4:12 p. m. No. 136 daily for Goldsboro and local stations. C. H. Ackert, General Manager. W. A. Turk, Pass. Traf. Manager. S. H. Hardwick, G. P. A., Washington, D. C. R. L. Vernon, T. P. A. Charlotte, N. C. T. E. Green, City Ticket Agent. Office in Yarbboro House Building, Raleigh, N. C.

\$20,000.00 CASH CONTEST

OF THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION
UPON TOTAL PORT RECEIPTS OF COTTON
1st SEPT., 1902, TO 10th JAN., 1903.

CONTEST CLOSES DECEMBER 31st, 1902. MAGNIFICENT TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLAR OFFER.

To the one Making the exact, or the nearest to the exact, estimate of the receipts of cotton AT ALL UNITED STATES PORTS from Sept. 1, 1902, to January 10, 1903.....	\$5,000
To the next nearest estimate.....	2,000
To the second next nearest.....	1,000
To the five next nearest.....	\$300 each.....1,500
To the ten next nearest.....	200 each.....2,000
To the fifteen next nearest.....	100 each.....1,500
To the twenty next nearest.....	50 each.....1,000
To the fifty next nearest.....	10 each.....500
To the one hundred nearest.....	5 each.....500
Total.....	\$15,000

For distribution among those estimates (not taking any of the above 203 prizes) coming within 1,000 bales either way of the exact figures.....
Should the exact figures have been given during the contest prior to Sept. 1st there was offered for the successful estimate, if made before then.....
Grand total.....\$20,000

Conditions of Sending Estimates in This Mammoth \$20,000 Contest.

- (1) Send \$1.25 for WEEKLY CONSTITUTION and SUNNY SOUTH, both one year, and send two estimates in this contest—that is, one estimate for the SUNNY SOUTH and another estimate for THE CONSTITUTION.
- (2) Send \$1.00 for WEEKLY CONSTITUTION one year and with it one estimate in the contest.
- (3) Send 50c for SUNNY SOUTH one year and with it one estimate in the contest.
- (4) Send 50c for one estimate alone in the contest if you don't want a subscription, or if you wish to make a number of estimates on this basis you may send THREE estimates for every ONE DOLLAR forwarded at the same time estimates are sent. If as many as TEN estimates are sent at the same time, without subscription, the sender may forward them with only THREE dollars—this special discount being offered only to estimates of ten. A postal card receipt will be sent for each estimate so received. Where subscriptions are sent the arrival of the paper itself is an acknowledgment that your estimate has been received and carefully recorded.
- (5) The money and the subscription and the estimate must be in the same envelope every time. The estimate, the money and the subscription go together. This rule is positive.
- (6) No estimate must be mailed later than December 31st, 1902.
- (7) In case of a tie upon any prize estimate, the money will be equally divided.

BLANK FOR \$1.00 AND THREE ESTIMATES, WITHOUT SUBSCRIPTION.
(To be changed if subscriptions and estimates both are sent.)
PUBLISHERS CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga.
Enter THREE estimates for me, for \$1.00 enclosed, in your current contest as follows:

1st	
2d	
3d	

Upon Total Port Receipts
September 1, 1902,
to January 10, 1903.

Name.....
Postoffice.....
State.....

NOTE—If you wish only ONE estimate in the contest, send FIFTY CENTS and fill out only one of the blanks. If you wish THREE estimates in the contest send THREE DOLLARS and write your own figures. Please wish to subscribe to THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION or SUNNY SOUTH, or both, as above offered, make remittance indicated and send estimate FREE—one estimate for each yearly subscription, or two for the combination, changing this coupon accordingly and enclosing with remittance.

Address all orders to... THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA.

SAVE YOUR GARDENS By Using

ORDER AT ONCE. EXPRESS OR FREIGHT Special Rates.

AT ONCE. EXPRESS OR FREIGHT Special Rates.

BUG-DEATH TRADE MARK

Pat. March 15 and Nov. 9, 1897.
Pat. in Canada Nov. 1, 1897
and Jan. 25, 1900.

BUG-DEATH

Non-Poisonous Insecticide.

1 Pound Package,	\$.15
3 " "	.35
5 " "	.50
12 1-2 " "	1.00
Shakes	.65

Hart-Ward Hardware Co., Raleigh, N. C.

PERSONAL TO SUBSCRIBERS

WE WILL SEND to every subscriber or reader of THE CAUCASIAN a full sized ONE DOLLAR package of VITE-ORE, by mail, POSTPAID, sufficient for one month's treatment, to be paid for within one month's time after receipt if the receiver can truthfully say that its use has done him or her more good than all the drugs and dopes of quacks or good doctors or patent medicines he or she has ever used. READ this over again carefully, and understand that we ask our pay only when it has done you good, and not before. We take all the risk; you have nothing to lose. If it does not benefit you, you pay us nothing. Vite-Ore is a natural, hard, adamantine rock-like substance mineral—Ore—mined from the ground like gold and silver, and requires about twenty years for oxidation. It contains free iron, free sulphur and magnesium, and one package will equal in medicinal strength and curative value 900 gallons of the most powerful, efficacious mineral water, drunk fresh at the springs. It is a geological discovery, to which there is nothing added or taken from. It is the marvel of the century for curing such diseases as Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Blood Poisoning, Heart Trouble, Diphtheria, Catarrh and Throat Affections, Liver, Kidney and Bladder Affections, Stomach and Female Disorders, Grippe, Malarial Fever, Nervous Prostration and General Debility, as thousands testify, and as no one, answering this, writing for a package, will deny after using. Give age, sex, and address.

This offer will challenge the attention and consideration, and afford the gratitude of every living person who desires better health, or who suffers from pains, ills and diseases which have defied the medical world and grown worse with age. We care not for your skepticism, but ask your investigation, and at our expense, regardless of what ills you have, by sending to us for a package. You must not write on a postal card.

In answer to this, address: THRO. NOEL COMPANY DEPT. L. F., 527, 530, 531, W. North Ave., Chicago, Ill.

J. R. FERRALL & CO., GROCERS.
222 Fayetteville Street.
Largest and best stock of STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES in the city.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or paroxysms after first day's use of Dr. Elinor's Great Nerve Restorer. 231st Broadway, New York City. Dr. H. H. Kneass, Ltd., 501 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. After a man is married he begins to lose his composure.

Mrs. Wislaw's Soothing Syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc., a bottle.

CAPUDINE Sour
CURES Stomach
—AND—
Indigestion
10, 25 and 50c. at Drugstores.

I PAY SPOT CASH FOR
MILITARY LAND WARRANTS
Send to collectors of my name. Also Soldiers' Allotment Bonds. —BANK H. ELLIS, P.O. Box 10, Denver, Colo.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CONSUMPTION
Cures all cases of Tuberculosis, whether in the lungs or elsewhere. Sold by druggists.

Daggers for the Judges.
One of the many curious customs which mark the visits of judges to provincial assizes of England is that observed at Newcastle-on-Tyne.

The Mayor always makes the following speech to the judges on circuit: "My lords, we have to congratulate you upon having completed your labors in this ancient town, and have also to inform you that you travel home to Carlisle, through border country, much and often infested by the Scots. We, therefore, present each of your lordships with a piece of money to buy therewith a dagger to defend yourselves."

Then the Mayor produces two ancient coins, a Jacobus and a carolus. The former he presents to the senior judge, and the latter to the junior judge. Apparently it is intended that the senior judge shall purchase a dagger twice the size of that purchased by the junior judge.—Manchester Guardian.

Postage Stamps.
How to make postage stamps adhere to a letter when the mucilage is off. Moisten a portion of the gummed edge of the envelope upon which you intend to stick the stamp, press the stamp over the moistened surface, and remove it with a slide movement. Enough mucilage will adhere to the stamp to cause it to stick firmly. By moistening the gummed surface near the end of the envelope it will prevent sealing of the letter.

Weak?
"I suffered terribly and was extremely weak for 12 years. The doctors said my blood was all turning to water. At last I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and was soon feeling all right again."

Mrs. J. W. Fiala, Hadlyme, Ct.
No matter how long you have been ill, nor how poorly you may be today, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine you can take for purifying and enriching the blood.

Don't doubt it, put your whole trust in it, throw away everything else.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He will tell you it is the best medicine for the blood. It will be sent to you free of charge. Write to J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Rheumacide
Is the Standard Rheumatic Remedy. The ONLY compound on the market that cures this terrible disease without doing irreparable harm to the digestive organs. UNEQUALLED as a BLOOD PURIFIER. CHEERFULLY RECOMMENDS IT.

Frederick, S. C., Aug. 18, 1902.
Gentlemen—I had rheumatism for about twelve years. Great deal of time I had to use crutches. Was confined to bed, three months at a time, several times. Last spring I began to take "RHEUMACIDE." I used two bottles before I noticed any benefit. After that I used seven bottles and the cure seems to be complete, as I have had no symptoms of rheumatism since. I can cheerfully recommend your medicine.

For sale by Druggists, or sent express prepaid on receipt of \$1.00. Bobbitt Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

Up in Natural History.
Teacher—Bessie, name one bird that is now extinct.
Little Bessie—Dick.
Teacher—Dick? What sort of a bird is that?
Little Bessie—Our canary; the cat exterminated him.

Capt. Richardson Clover will command the Brooklyn, which is to be the flagship of the European squadron.

Remarkable records with big guns were made at target practice from the battleships Illinois and Indiana.

CLOSE TO THE PEOPLE.
Doan's Kidney Pills have leaped into Public favor because the people can write direct to the makers and secure a trial free. Thus has been built the greatest fame and largest sale known in any kidney medicine in the world.

CURTICE, O.—I had such severe pain in my back that I could not walk. I used the sample of Doan's Kidney Pills with such good results I sent to Toledo for another box, and they cured me.—SARAH E. CURTICE, O.

FALMOUTH, VA.—I suffered over twelve months with pain in the small of my back. Medicated and plastered gave only temporary relief. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me.—F. S. BROWN, Falmouth, Va.

West Haven, Conn.—Eight months ago I took a severe pain in my back. The sample box of Doan's Kidney Pills helped me so much I purchased two boxes; am on my second box. My heart does not bother me as it used to and I feel well.—SARAH E. BRADLEY, No. 877 Elm Street, West Haven, Conn.

Houston, Tex.—I took the sample of Doan's Kidney Pills with such great benefit I bought a box at our druggists. Used over half and stopped, because my urine which before had only come dribbling, now became so free. I had medicine enough. I had hiccups and the pills did me of it. I should have written sooner, but you know how soon a well person forgets about being sick.—Mr. C. H. HENKENS, No. 2019 McKinney Ave., Houston, Tex.

Doan's Kidney Pills. A SPECIFIC FOR KIDNEY PILLS. POST-Office. State. (Cut out coupon on dotted lines and mail to Post-Office Bureau Co., Buffalo, N. Y.) Medical Advice Free—Strictly Confidential.



Mrs. F. Wright, of Oelwein, Iowa, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

A Young New York Lady Tells of a Wonderful Cure:

"My trouble was with the ovaries; I am tall, and the doctor said I grew too fast for my strength. I suffered dreadfully from indigestion and doctored continually, but got no help. I suffered from terrible dragging sensations with the most awful pains low down in the side and pains in the back, and the most agonizing headaches. No one knows what I endured. Often I was sick to the stomach, and every little while I would be too sick to go to work, for three or four days; I work in a large store, and I suppose standing on my feet all day made me worse. "At the suggestion of a friend of my mother's I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it is simply wonderful. I felt better after the first two or three doses; it seemed as though a weight was taken off my shoulders; I continued its use until now I can truthfully say I am entirely cured. Young girls who are always paying doctor's bills without getting any help as I did, ought to take your medicine. It costs so much less, and it is sure to cure them.—Yours truly, ADELAIDE PRAHL, 174 St. Ann's Ave., New York City."—\$5000 (not for original of above letter unless accompanied by original of letter).

Ascarels
CANDY CATHARTIC
The GREAT FOR ONE-BOWEL
Genuine stamped C.C.C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

James P. Pohl's Cure for Consumption. I have used Pohl's Cure for Consumption for three years ago.—Mrs. THOMAS ROBERTS, Maple St., Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1902.

The chronic borrower is usually on a strike. Money refunded for each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES if unsatisfactory.

Hard work is the best sort of physical culture. Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Red, Itching, Aching, Sore, and In-growing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes now or tight shoes easy. At all drug stores and shoe stores. 25 cents. Sample mailed FREE. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Don't judge people by their clothes unless you see the family wash out on the line.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

P. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known P. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and capable of making any obligation he enters into by the firm.

West & Texas Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. WALKER, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Rheumacide
Is the Standard Rheumatic Remedy. The ONLY compound on the market that cures this terrible disease without doing irreparable harm to the digestive organs. UNEQUALLED as a BLOOD PURIFIER. CHEERFULLY RECOMMENDS IT.

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For sale by Druggists, or sent express prepaid on receipt of \$1.00. Bobbitt Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

Up in Natural History.
Teacher—Bessie, name one bird that is now extinct.
Little Bessie—Dick.
Teacher—Dick? What sort of a bird is that?
Little Bessie—Our canary; the cat exterminated him.

Capt. Richardson Clover will command the Brooklyn, which is to be the flagship of the European squadron.

Remarkable records with big guns were made at target practice from the battleships Illinois and Indiana.

CLOSE TO THE PEOPLE.
Doan's Kidney Pills have leaped into Public favor because the people can write direct to the makers and secure a trial free. Thus has been built the greatest fame and largest sale known in any kidney medicine in the world.

CURTICE, O.—I had such severe pain in my back that I could not walk. I used the sample of Doan's Kidney Pills with such good results I sent to Toledo for another box, and they cured me.—SARAH E. CURTICE, O.

FALMOUTH, VA.—I suffered over twelve months with pain in the small of my back. Medicated and plastered gave only temporary relief. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me.—F. S. BROWN, Falmouth, Va.

West Haven, Conn.—Eight months ago I took a severe pain in my back. The sample box of Doan's Kidney Pills helped me so much I purchased two boxes; am on my second box. My heart does not bother me as it used to and I feel well.—SARAH E. BRADLEY, No. 877 Elm Street, West Haven, Conn.

Houston, Tex.—I took the sample of Doan's Kidney Pills with such great benefit I bought a box at our druggists. Used over half and stopped, because my urine which before had only come dribbling, now became so free. I had medicine enough. I had hiccups and the pills did me of it. I should have written sooner, but you know how soon a well person forgets about being sick.—Mr. C. H. HENKENS, No. 2019 McKinney Ave., Houston, Tex.

Nature tells of an indoor snowstorm on a very cold, clear evening at a party given in Stockholm, Sweden. Many people were gathered in a single room, which became so warm as to be insufferable. The window shades were found frozen and a pane of glass was smashed out. A cold air current rushed in, and at the same instant flakes of snow were seen to fall to the floor in all parts of the room. The atmosphere was so saturated with moisture that the sudden fall in temperature produced a snowfall indoors.

SEABOARD
AIR LINE RAILWAY
Double Daily Service.
Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans and Points South and West.

IN EFFECT JANUARY 11, 1903.

SOUTHWARD	
Daily	Daily
No. 37	No. 27
Lv. New York, P. R. R.	12:30 pm
Lv. Philadelphia, " "	12:45 pm
Lv. Baltimore, " "	1:10 pm
Lv. Washington, W. & A.	1:30 pm
Lv. Richmond, S. A.	1:55 pm
Lv. Petersburg, " "	2:15 pm
Lv. Norfolk, " "	2:40 pm
Lv. Raleigh, " "	3:05 pm
Lv. Southern Pines, " "	3:30 pm
Lv. Hamlet, " "	3:55 pm
Lv. Columbia, " "	4:20 pm
Lv. Savannah, " "	4:45 pm
Lv. Jacksonville, " "	5:10 pm
Lv. St. Augustine, " "	5:35 pm
Lv. Tampa, " "	6:00 pm
No. 39	
Lv. New York, N. Y. P. & N.	7:55 am
Lv. Philadelphia, " "	8:10 am
Lv. New York, O. D. S. R.	8:30 pm
Lv. Baltimore, B. & O. Co.	8:50 pm
Lv. Washington, N. & W. S. R.	9:10 pm
Lv. Richmond, S. A.	9:35 pm
Lv. Norfolk, " "	10:00 pm
Lv. Petersburg, " "	10:25 pm
Lv. Raleigh, " "	10:50 pm
Lv. Southern Pines, " "	11:15 pm
Lv. Hamlet, " "	11:40 pm
Lv. Columbia, " "	12:05 pm
Lv. Savannah, " "	12:30 pm
Lv. Jacksonville, " "	12:55 pm
Lv. St. Augustine, " "	1:20 pm
Lv. Tampa, " "	1:45 pm
No. 41	
Lv. New York, N. Y. P. & N.	7:55 am
Lv. Philadelphia, " "	8:10 am
Lv. New York, O. D. S. R.	8:30 pm
Lv. Baltimore, B. & O. Co.	8:50 pm
Lv. Washington, N. & W. S. R.	9:10 pm
Lv. Richmond, S. A.	9:35 pm
Lv. Norfolk, " "	10:00 pm
Lv. Petersburg, " "	10:25 pm
Lv. Raleigh, " "	10:50 pm
Lv. Southern Pines, " "	11:15 pm
Lv. Hamlet, " "	11:40 pm
Lv. Columbia, " "	12:05 pm
Lv. Savannah, " "	12:30 pm
Lv. Jacksonville, " "	12:55 pm
Lv. St. Augustine, " "	1:20 pm
Lv. Tampa, " "	1:45 pm

NORTHWARD
Daily
No. 38
Lv. Tampa, " "

Lv. Tampa, " "	6:00 pm
Lv. St. Augustine, " "	6:25 pm
Lv. Jacksonville, " "	6:50 pm
Lv. Savannah, " "	7:15 pm
Lv. Columbia, " "	7:40 pm
Lv. Southern Pines, " "	8:05 pm
Lv. Raleigh, " "	8:30 pm
Lv. Norfolk, " "	8:55 pm
Lv. Petersburg, " "	9:20 pm
Lv. Richmond, " "	9:45 pm
Lv. Washington, W. & A.	10:10 pm
Lv. Baltimore, P. R. R.	10:35 pm
Lv. Philadelphia, " "	11:00 pm
Lv. New York, " "	11:25 pm
No. 40	
Lv. Tampa, " "	6:00 pm
Lv. St. Augustine, " "	6:25 pm
Lv. Jacksonville, " "	6:50 pm
Lv. Savannah, " "	7:15 pm
Lv. Columbia, " "	7:40 pm
Lv. Southern Pines, " "	8:05 pm
Lv. Raleigh, " "	8:30 pm
Lv. Norfolk, " "	8:55 pm
Lv. Petersburg, " "	9:20 pm
Lv. Richmond, " "	9:45 pm
Lv. Washington, W. & A.	10:10 pm
Lv. Baltimore, P. R. R.	10:35 pm
Lv. Philadelphia, " "	11:00 pm
Lv. New York, " "	11:25 pm
No. 42	
Lv. Tampa, " "	6:00 pm
Lv. St. Augustine, " "	6:25 pm
Lv. Jacksonville, " "	6:50 pm
Lv. Savannah, " "	7:15 pm
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Lv. Richmond, " "	9:45 pm
Lv. Washington, W. & A.	10:10 pm
Lv. Baltimore, P. R. R.	10:35 pm
Lv. Philadelphia, " "	11:00 pm
Lv. New York, " "	11:25 pm

Notes.—1. Daily, except Sunday.
2. Central Time.
3. Eastern Time. (L. & F.)
4. Tickets on sale to all points. Pullman berth, reserved and reservations made on outgoing steamers from Norfolk. Baggage checked from hotel and residences without extra charge. Call at the

Up-town Ticket Office
Varborough House Building.
C. H. Gattis, C. T. and P. A.
Bell, Raleigh and Interstate Phones 117.
H. S. LEA, D. T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
R. E. L. BUNCH, Gen'l Pass. Agent
Portsmouth, Va.
JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice-President and General Manager

ATLANTIC AND N. C. R. R. CO.
Time Table No. 28, to take effect Sunday, November 9th, 1902, at 7:00 a. m., Eastern Standard Time. Super-sped Time Table No. 27, of June 8, 1902.

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